1. Limited Warranty

Products manufactured by GRUNDFOS PUMPS CORPORATION (Grundfos) are warranted to the original user only to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of 24 months from date of installation, but not more than 30 months from date of manufacture. Grundfos' liability under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing at Grundfos' option, without charge, FOB Grundfos' factory or authorized service station, any product of Grundfos' manufacture. Grundfos will not be liable for any costs of removal, installation, transportation, or any other charges which may arise in connection with a warranty claim. Products which are sold but not manufactured by Grundfos are subject to the warranty provided by the manufacturer of said products and not by Grundfos' warranty. Grundfos will not be liable for damage or wear to products caused by abnormal operating conditions, accident, abuse, misuse, unauthorized alteration or repair, or if the product was not installed in accordance with Grundfos' printed installation and operating instructions.

To obtain service under this warranty, the defective product must be returned to the distributor or dealer of Grundfos’ products from which it was purchased together with proof of purchase and installation date, failure date, and supporting installation data. Unless otherwise provided, the distributor or dealer will contact Grundfos or an authorized service station for instructions. Any defective product to be returned to Grundfos or a service station must be sent freight prepaid; documentation supporting the warranty claim and/or a Return Material Authorization must be included if so instructed.

GRUNDFOS WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSSES, OR EXPENSES ARISING FROM INSTALLATION, USE, OR ANY OTHER CAUSES. THERE ARE NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THOSE WARRANTIES DESCRIBED OR REFERRED TO ABOVE.

Some jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages and some jurisdictions do not allow limit actions on how long implied warranties may last. Therefore, the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

2. Symbols used in this document

![Warning]

If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in personal injury.

3. Handling

The motors of the MTR 1s to 64, CRK 2 to 4, and SPK 1 to 8, pumps are supplied with lifting eyes which must not be used for lifting the entire pump.

When the entire pump is to be lifted, observe the following:

- MTR 1s to 64, CRK 2 to 4, and SPK 1 to 8 pumps fitted with motors 10 HP [7.5 kW] and smaller should be lifted by the pump head by means of straps or the like.
- MTR 15 to 64 fitted with motors 15 HP [11 kW] and larger should be lifted by means of the lifting devices fitted to the motor and the motor stool.
- For other motor makes than those mentioned above, it is recommended to lift the pump in the pump head by means of straps.

4. Applications

The Grundfos pumps, types MTR, CRK, and SPK are multistage centrifugal pumps designed for pumping liquids for machine tools, condensate transfer, liquid transfer in industrial washing machines and similar applications.

![Warning]

The pump must not be used for the transfer of inflammable liquids such as diesel oil and petrol.

4.1 Pumped liquids

Thin, non-explosive liquids, not containing fibres. The liquid must not attack the pump materials chemically.

When pumping liquids with a density and/or viscosity higher than that of water, motors with correspondingly higher outputs must be used, if required.
4.1.1 MTR/CRK/SPK
MTR/CRK/SPK pumps are used for liquid transfer in machine tools and in all systems where a tank mounted pump is required. For liquid transfer, circulation and pressure boosting of cold or hot clean liquids.

4.1.2 MTRI/CRKI/SPKI
In systems where all parts in contact with the liquid must be made of high-grade stainless steel, MTRI, CRKI, and SPKI pumps must be used.

5. Type designation
The standard range of pumps encompasses complete impeller in chamber combinations. On request, other lengths, against duty combinations, can be supplied by fitting empty intermediate chambers instead of standard chambers with impellers.

The pump key on the pump nameplate indicates the number of chambers and impellers fitted to the pump.

5.1 Pump key for MTR

- Pump range
- Nominal flow rate in m³/h
- Number of stages
- Number of impellers
- Number of impellers with reduced diameter (MTR 32, 45, 64 only)
- Code for pump version
- Code for pipework connection
- Code for materials
- Code for shaft seal

5.2 Pump key for CRK and SPK

- Pump range
- Nominal flow rate in m³/h
- Number of stages x 10 (SPK x 1)
- Number of impellers
- Code for pump version
- Code for pipework connection
- Code for materials
- Code for shaft seal and rubber pump parts

6. Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump type</th>
<th>MTR</th>
<th>CRK</th>
<th>SPK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max liquid temperature °F [°C]</td>
<td>194 [90]</td>
<td>194 [90]</td>
<td>194 [90]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enclosure class</td>
<td>TEFC</td>
<td>TEFC</td>
<td>TEFC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.1 Ambient temperature

Maximum ambient temperature: 104°F [40°C]

If the ambient temperature exceeds above maximum values or if the motor is located 3280 ft [1000 m], above sea level, the motor output (P2) must be reduced due to the low density and consequently low cooling effect of the air. In such cases, it may be necessary to use a motor with a higher output.

6.2 Electrical data

See motor nameplate.

6.3 Frequency of starts and stops

6.3.1 Grundfos ML motors:
- 250 times per hour for 1/3-3 HP (.37-2.2 kW)
- 100 times per hour for 5 HP (3-4 kW)
- 50 times per hour for 7.5-10 HP (5.5-7.5 kW)
- 40 times per hour for 11-22 kW

6.3.2 Baldor Motors:
- 20 times per hour on 0.33-5 HP models
- 15 times per hour on 7.5-15 HP models
- 10 times per hour on 20-100 HP models
6.4 Maximum permissible operating pressure and liquid temperature for the shaft seal

Fig. 3 MTR 1s to 64

Fig. 4 MTR 1s to 64 [metric]

Fig. 5 CRK and SPK

Fig. 6 CRK and SPK [metric]

6.5 Minimum flow rate

Due to the risk of overheating, the pump should not be used at flows below the minimum flow rate. The curve below shows the minimum flow rate as a percentage of the nominal flow rate in relation to the liquid temperature.

Fig. 7 Minimum flow rates

Note: The pump must never operate against a closed discharge valve.

7. Installation

The pump must be installed so that persons cannot accidentally come into contact with the hot surface of the motor.

7.1 Pump location

The pump is designed for tank mounting in vertical position. The pump is positioned in a hole cut into the cover of the tank (upper side) and is secured to the tank by four hexagon head screws through the holes in the mounting flange. It is recommended to fit a sealing gasket between the pump flange and tank.

If the pump is to be installed horizontally (MTR[E] 1s to 20, CRK2 and 4, and SPK only), the drain hole of the motor stool must be fitted with a plug and four closed nuts with O-rings must be fitted to the straps.

Caution Tank must be drained to change shaft seal in the event of leakage in horizontally mounted pumps.

Note: MTR 32, 45 and 64 pumps can only be installed in vertical position.
Vertical installation

Pump mounting flange dimensions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump type</th>
<th>Frame</th>
<th>D1</th>
<th>D2</th>
<th>D3</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>X</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MTR 1s, 1, 3, 5</td>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>5.51</td>
<td>[140]</td>
<td>6.30</td>
<td>[160]</td>
<td>7.09</td>
<td>[180]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MTR 32</td>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>7.48</td>
<td>[190]</td>
<td>6.66</td>
<td>[220]</td>
<td>9.84</td>
<td>[250]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRK 2, 4</td>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>5.51</td>
<td>[140]</td>
<td>6.30</td>
<td>[160]</td>
<td>7.09</td>
<td>[180]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPK 1, 2, 4, 8</td>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>5.51</td>
<td>[140]</td>
<td>6.30</td>
<td>[160]</td>
<td>7.09</td>
<td>[180]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRK 2, 4</td>
<td>IEC</td>
<td>5.51</td>
<td>[140]</td>
<td>6.30</td>
<td>[160]</td>
<td>7.09</td>
<td>[180]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPK 1, 2, 4</td>
<td>IEC</td>
<td>3.94</td>
<td>[100]</td>
<td>4.53</td>
<td>[115]</td>
<td>5.12</td>
<td>[130]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPK 8</td>
<td>IEC</td>
<td>5.51</td>
<td>[140]</td>
<td>6.30</td>
<td>[160]</td>
<td>7.09</td>
<td>[180]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.2 Suction conditions

The bottom of the pump strainer must be at least 1 in [22 mm] above the bottom of the tank.

The pumps are designed to provide full performance down to a level of A above the bottom of the strainer.

At a liquid level between A and B above the bottom of the strainer, the built-in priming screw will protect the pump against dry running.

Note: MTR 32, 45 and 64 pumps have no priming screw.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump type</th>
<th>A in. [mm]</th>
<th>B in. [mm]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MTR 1s, 1, 3, 5, CRK 2, 4, and SPK 1, 2, 4, 8</td>
<td>1.6 [41]</td>
<td>1.1 [28]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MTR 10, 15, 20</td>
<td>2.0 [51]</td>
<td>1.0 [25]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MTR 32, 45, 64</td>
<td>2.8 [71]</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. Electrical connection

The electrical connection should be carried out by an authorized electrician in accordance with local regulations.
The operating voltage and frequency are marked on the pump nameplate. Please make sure that the motor is suitable for the electricity supply on which it will be used.

**Single-phase** Grundfos motors incorporate a thermal switch and require no additional motor protection.

**Three-phase** motors must be connected to a motor starter.

The terminal box can be turned to four positions, in 90° steps, see fig. 14:

1. If necessary, remove the coupling guards.
2. Do not remove the coupling.
3. Remove the bolts securing the motor to the pump.
4. Turn the motor to the required position.
5. Replace and tighten the bolts.
6. Replace the coupling guards.

The electrical connection should be carried out as shown in the diagram inside the terminal box cover.

![Fig. 14 Terminal box positions](image)

### 8.1 Frequency converter operation

**8.1.1 Motors supplied by Grundfos:**

All three-phase motors supplied by Grundfos can be connected to a frequency converter.

Dependent on the frequency converter type, this may cause increased acoustic noise from the motor. Furthermore, it may cause the motor to be exposed to detrimental voltage peaks.

**Note:** Grundfos motors types ML 71 and 80 as well as ML 90 (2.0 Hp [1.5 kW], 2-pole), all for supply voltages up to and including 480 V or 440 V for ML (see motor nameplate), must be protected against voltage peaks higher than 650 V (peak value) between the supply terminals. It is recommended to protect all other motors against voltage peaks higher than 850 V.

The above disturbances, i.e. both increased acoustic noise and detrimental voltage peaks, can be eliminated by fitting an LC filter between the frequency converter and the motor.

For further information, please contact the frequency converter or motor supplier.

**8.1.2 Other motor makes than those supplied by Grundfos:**

Please contact the motor manufacturer.

### 9. Start-up

*Pay attention to the direction of the vent hole (if equipped) and take care to ensure that the escaping water does not cause injury to persons or damage to the motor or other components.*

**9.0.1 Before starting the pump, make sure:**

- that all pipe connections are tight.
- that the pump body is partly filled with liquid (partly submerged).
- that the strainer is not blocked by impurities.

**9.0.2 Start the pump as follows:**

1. Close the isolating valve on the discharge side of the pump.
2. If the pump is fitted with a vent valve, this valve must be opened, see fig. 15.

![Fig. 15](image)

3. See the correct direction of rotation of the pump on the motor fan cover or on the coupling guard. When seen from the top, the pump should rotate *counter-clockwise*.
4. Start the pump and check the direction of rotation.
5. Open the discharge isolating valve a little.
6. If the pump is fitted with a vent valve, this valve must be closed when a steady stream of liquid runs out of it.
7. Completely open the discharge isolating valve.

The pump has now been vented and is ready for operation.

**Note:** The pump is not allowed to run against a closed discharge valve for more than approx. 5 minutes as this will cause an increase in temperature/formation of steam in the pump which may cause damage to the pump.

### 10. Maintenance

Before starting work on the pump, make sure that all power supplies to the pump have been switched off and that they cannot be accidentally switched on.

Pumps installed in accordance with these instructions require very little maintenance.

**10.1 Lubrication**

The mechanical shaft seal is self-adjusting and has wear-resistant seal rings which are lubricated and cooled by the pumped liquid.

The pump bearings are also lubricated by the pumped liquid. Most motor ball bearings are grease packed and sealed for life. No further lubrication is necessary.

If the pump is to be drained for a long period of inactivity, remove one of the coupling guards to inject a few drops of silicone oil on the shaft between the pump head and the coupling. This will prevent the shaft seal faces from sticking.

**10.1.1 Motor bearings:**

Motors which are not fitted with grease nipples are maintenance-free.

Motors fitted with grease nipples should be lubricated with a high-temperature lithium-based grease, see the motor nameplate.

**10.2 Filters**

Chip trays, filters, etc. should be cleaned at regular intervals to ensure a correct flow of liquid.
10.3 Periodic checks
At regular intervals, depending on the conditions and time of operation, the following checks should be made:

- Check the quantity of liquid and operating pressure.
- Check that there are no leaks.
- Check that the motor is not overheating.
- Check the tripping of the motor starter.
- Check that all controls are operating satisfactorily.

If the above checks do not reveal any abnormal operating details, no further checks are necessary.

Should any faults be found, check the symptoms with section 14. Fault finding chart.

11. Service

Note: If a pump has been used for a liquid which is injurious to health or toxic, the pump will be classified as contaminated. If Grundfos is requested to service the pump, Grundfos must be contacted with details about the pumped liquid, etc. before the pump is returned for service. Otherwise Grundfos can refuse to accept the pump for service.

Possible costs of returning the pump are paid by the customer.

However, any application for service (no matter to whom it may be made) must include details about the pumped liquid if the pump has been used for liquids which are injurious to health or toxic.

11.1 Service kits

Service kits for MTR, CRK, and SPK, see www.grundfos.com (WebCAPS), WinCAPS or Service Kit Catalogue.

11.2 Coupling adjustment

For adjustment of coupling on MTR 1s to 20, CRK, or SPK see page 10. For adjustment of coupling on MTR 32, 45, 64, see page 11.

12. Sound pressure level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor [Hp]</th>
<th>50 Hz</th>
<th>60 Hz</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>&lt;70</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13. Disposal

Disposal of this product must be carried out according to the following guidelines:

1. Use the local public or private waste collection service.
## 14. Fault finding chart

*Before starting work on the pump, make sure that the electricity supply has been switched off and that it cannot be accidentally switched on.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Motor does not run when started.</td>
<td>a) Supply failure.</td>
<td>Connect the electricity supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Fuses are blown.</td>
<td>Replace fuses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Motor starter overload has tripped out.</td>
<td>Reactivate the motor protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>d) Thermal protection has tripped out.</td>
<td>Reactivate the thermal protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>e) Main contacts in motor starter are not making contact or the coil is faulty.</td>
<td>Replace contacts or magnetic coil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>f) Control circuit is defective.</td>
<td>Repair the control circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>g) Motor is defective.</td>
<td>Replace the motor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Motor starter overload trips out immediately when supply is switched on.</td>
<td>a) One fuse/automatic circuit breaker is blown.</td>
<td>Cut in the fuse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Contacts in motor starter overload are faulty.</td>
<td>Replace motor starter contacts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Cable connection is loose or faulty.</td>
<td>Fasten or replace the cable connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>d) Motor winding is defective.</td>
<td>Replace the motor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>e) Pump mechanically blocked.</td>
<td>Remove the mechanical blocking of the pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>f) Overload setting is too low.</td>
<td>Set the motor starter correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Motor starter overload trips out occasionally.</td>
<td>a) Overload setting is too low.</td>
<td>Set the motor starter correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Low voltage at peak times.</td>
<td>Check the electricity supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Motor starter has not tripped out but the pump does not run.</td>
<td>a) Supply failure.</td>
<td>Connect the electricity supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Fuses are blown.</td>
<td>Replace fuses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Thermal protection has tripped out.</td>
<td>Reactivate the thermal protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>d) Main contacts in motor starter are not making contact or the coil is faulty.</td>
<td>Replace contacts or magnetic coil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Pump runs but gives no liquid or pump capacity is not constant.</td>
<td>a) Pump strainer partly blocked by impurities.</td>
<td>Clean the strainer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Liquid level in tank too low.</td>
<td>Increase the liquid level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Pump draws in air.</td>
<td>Check the suction conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Leakage in shaft seal.</td>
<td>a) Shaft seal is defective.</td>
<td>Replace the shaft seal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Noise.</td>
<td>a) Cavitation occurs in the pump.</td>
<td>Check the suction conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Pump does not rotate freely (frictional resistance) because of incorrect pump shaft position.</td>
<td>Adjust the pump shaft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Frequency converter operation.</td>
<td>See section 8.1 Frequency converter operation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For MTR 1s to 5, CRK, and SPK pumps:

- Fit the shaft pin and coupling on the pump shaft. Lubricate the screws, tighten and leave loose.
- Check that the gaps on either side of the coupling halves are equal.
- Raise the pump shaft as far as possible by means of a large screwdriver or similar tool inserted underneath the coupling. Take care not to raise the motor shaft.
- **MTR 1s to 5:** Lower the shaft/coupling to half the maximum height and tighten the coupling screws diagonally while keeping the gaps between the coupling halves even.
- **CRK and SPK:** Lower the shaft/coupling 1/16" [1.7 mm] from its top position and tighten the coupling screws diagonally while keeping the gaps between the coupling halves even.

For MTR 10/15/20 pumps:

- Push the stack to the down position, tighten and torque the Shaft Seal set screws to the appropriate value specified above.
- Lift up the stack and place the Plastic Height Adjustment Tool underneath the Seal Driver.
- Tighten the Coupling Halves diagonally while keeping the gaps between Coupling Halves even. Torque to the proper value as specified in the Torque and Lubrication Instruction.
MTR 32, 45, and 64:
Be sure to remove the plastic height adjustment tool after tightening the coupling screws.

Be sure to tighten the coupling screws evenly so there are even gaps on either side of the coupling.
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Telefax: +52-81-8144 4010