CRE-DP
Asynchronous MLE Motors
Installation and operating instructions
English (US) Installation and operating instructions

Original installation and operating instructions.

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Warning
Prior to installation, read these installation and operating instructions. Installation and operation must comply with local regulations and accepted codes of good practice.

1. Limited warranty
Products manufactured by GRUNDFOS PUMPS CORPORATION (Grundfos) are warranted to the original user only to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of 24 months from date of installation, but not more than 30 months from date of manufacture. Grundfos' liability under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing at Grundfos' option, without charge, F.O.B. Grundfos' factory or authorized service station, any product of Grundfos' manufacture. Grundfos will not be liable for any costs of removal, installation, transportation, or any other charges which may arise in connection with a warranty claim.

To obtain service under this warranty, the defective product must be returned to the distributor or dealer of Grundfos' products from which it was purchased together with proof of purchase and installation date, failure date, and supporting installation data. Unless otherwise provided, the distributor or dealer will contact Grundfos or an authorized service station, any product of Grundfos' manufacture. Grundfos will not be liable for any costs of removal, installation, transportation, or any other charges which may arise in connection with a warranty claim.

Products which are sold but not manufactured by Grundfos are subject to the warranty provided by the manufacturer of said products and not by Grundfos' warranty. Grundfos will not be liable for damage or wear to products caused by abnormal operating conditions, accident, abuse, misuse, unauthorized alteration or repair, or if the product was not installed in accordance with Grundfos' printed installation and operating instructions.

To obtain service under this warranty, the defective product must be returned to the distributor or dealer of Grundfos' products from which it was purchased together with proof of purchase and installation date, failure date, and supporting installation data. Unless otherwise provided, the distributor or dealer will contact Grundfos or an authorized service station, any product of Grundfos' manufacture. Grundfos will not be liable for any costs of removal, installation, transportation, or any other charges which may arise in connection with a warranty claim.

Some jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages and some jurisdictions do not allow limit actions on how long implied warranties may last. Therefore, the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.
2. Symbols used in this document

![Warning]

**Warning**

If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in personal injury!

![Cautio

**Cautio**

The surface of the product may be so hot that it may cause burns or personal injury.

If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in malfunction or damage to the equipment.

![Note]

**Note**

Notes or instructions that make the job easier and ensure safe operation.

3. General information

These installation and operating instructions are a supplement to installation and operating instructions for the corresponding standard pumps CRE. For instructions not mentioned specifically here, please see installation and operating instructions for the standard pump.

4. General description

Grundfos CRE-DP pumps have standard motors with integrated frequency converter. The pumps are for single-phase or three-phase mains connection.

The pumps have a built-in PI controller and are set up with a differential pressure sensor enabling control of the differential pressure across the pump.

The pumps are typically used as circulator pumps in large heating or cooling water systems with variable demands.

4.1 Settings

The desired setpoint can be set in three different ways:

- directly on the pump control panel.
  It is possible to choose between two different control modes, i.e. proportional pressure and constant pressure.
- via an input for external setpoint signal
- by means of the Grundfos wireless remote control R100/Grundfos Go.

All other settings are made by means of the R100/Grundfos Go. Important parameters such as actual value of control parameter, power consumption, etc. can be read via the R100/Grundfos Go.

5. Mechanical installation

In order to retain the UL/cURus approval, follow the additional installation procedures on page 28.

5.1 Motor cooling

To ensure sufficient cooling of motor and electronics, observe the following requirements:

- Make sure that sufficient cooling air is available.
- Keep the temperature of the cooling air below 104 °F (40 °C).
- Keep cooling fins and fan blades clean.

5.2 Outdoor installation

When installed outdoors, the pump must be provided with a suitable cover to avoid condensation on the electronic components. See fig. 1.

![Fig. 1 Example of cover]

Remove the drain plug pointing downwards in order to avoid moisture and water build-up inside the motor.

Vertically mounted pumps are IP55 after removal of the drain plug. Horizontally mounted pumps change enclosure class to IP54.

Warning

If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in personal injury!

Caution

If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in malfunction or damage to the equipment.

Note

Notes or instructions that make the job easier and ensure safe operation.
6. Electrical connection
For description of how to connect E-pumps electrically, see the following pages:
- 6.1 Electrical connection - three-phase pumps up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW) on page 4

6.1 Electrical connection - three-phase pumps up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW)

**Warning**
The user or the installer is responsible for the installation of correct earthing and protection according to current national and local standards. All operations must be carried out by qualified personnel.

**Warning**
Never make any connections in the pump terminal box unless all electric supply circuits have been switched off for at least 5 minutes.

Note for instance that the signal relay may be connected to an external supply which is still connected when the mains supply is disconnected.

The above warning is indicated on the motor terminal box by this yellow label:

![Warning Label](TM03_9270_4696)

6.1.1 Preparation
Before connecting the E-pump to the mains, take the issues illustrated in the figure below into consideration.

![Mains-connected pump with mains switch, backup fuses, additional protection and protective earthing](TM03_9270_4696)

**Fig. 2** Mains-connected pump with mains switch, backup fuses, additional protection and protective earthing

6.1.2 Protection against electric shock - indirect contact

**Warning**
The pump must be earthed in accordance with national regulations.

As the leakage current of 5-10 Hp (4 - 7.5 kW) motors is > 3.5 mA, take extra precautions when earthing these motors.

EN 50178 and BS 7671 specify the following precautions when leakage current > 3.5 mA:
- The pump must be stationary and installed permanently.
- The pump must be permanently connected to the power supply.
- The earth connection must be carried out as duplicate conductors.

Protective earth conductors must always have a yellow/green (PE) or yellow/green/blue (PEN) color marking.

6.1.3 Backup fuses
For recommended fuse sizes, see section 20.1 Supply voltage.

6.1.4 Additional protection
If the pump is connected to an electric installation where an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) is used as additional protection, the circuit breaker must be of a type marked with the following symbols:

![ELCB Symbol](TM03_9270_4696)

This circuit breaker is type B.

The total leakage current of all the electrical equipment in the installation must be taken into account.

The leakage current of the motor in normal operation can be seen in section 20.3 Leakage current.

During start and at asymmetrical supply systems, the leakage current can be higher than normal and may cause the ELCB to trip.

6.1.5 Motor protection
The pump requires no external motor protection. The motor incorporates thermal protection against slow overloading and blocking (IEC 34-11, TP 211).

6.1.6 Protection against mains voltage transients
The pump is protected against voltage transients by built-in varistors between the phases and between phases and earth.

6.1.7 Supply voltage and mains
3 x 460-480 V - 10%/+ 10%, 50/60 Hz, PE.

The supply voltage and frequency are marked on the pump nameplate. Make sure that the pump is suitable for the power supply of the installation site.

The wires in the terminal box must be as short as possible. Excepted from this is the protective earth conductor which must be so long that it is the last one to be disconnected in case the cable is inadvertently pulled out of the cable entry.

![Mains connection](TM03_9803_2007)

**Fig. 3** Mains connection
Cable glands
Cable glands comply with EN 50626.
• 2 x M16 cable gland, cable diameter ∅4-∅10
• 1 x M20 cable gland, cable diameter ∅9-∅17
• 2 x M16 knock-out cable entries.

**Warning**
*If the supply cable is damaged, it must be replaced by qualified personnel.*

Grid types
Three-phase E-pumps can be connected to all grid types.

**Warning**
*Do not connect three-phase E-pumps to a mains supply with a voltage between phase and earth of more than 440 V.*

6.1.8 Start/stop of pump

**Caution**
The number of starts and stops via the mains voltage must not exceed 4 times per hour.

When the pump is switched on via the mains, it will start after approx. 5 seconds.

If a higher number of starts and stops is desired, use the input for external start/stop when starting/stopping the pump.

When the pump is switched on via an external on/off switch, it will start immediately.

**Automatic restart**

**Note**
*If a pump set up for automatic restart is stopped due to a fault, it will restart automatically when the fault has disappeared.*

However, automatic restart only applies to fault types set up to automatic restart. These faults could typically be one of these faults:
• temporary overload
• fault in the power supply.

6.1.9 Connections

**Note**
*If no external on/off switch is connected, connect terminals 2 and 3 using a short wire.*

As a precaution, the wires to be connected to the following connection groups must be separated from each other by reinforced insulation in their entire lengths:

**Group 1: Inputs**
- start/stop, terminals 2 and 3
- digital input, terminals 1 and 9
- setpoint input, terminals 4, 5 and 6
- sensor input, terminals 7 and 8
- GENibus, terminals B, Y and A.

All inputs (group 1) are internally separated from the mains-conducting parts by reinforced insulation and galvanically separated from other circuits.

All control terminals are supplied with protective extra-low voltage (PELV), thus ensuring protection against electric shock.

**Group 2: Output** (relay signal, terminals NC, C, NO)

The output (group 2) is galvanically separated from other circuits. Therefore, the supply voltage or protective extra-low voltage can be connected to the output as desired.

**Group 3: Mains supply** (terminals N, PE, L)

Fig. 4  Connection terminals

---

**Warning**
*If the supply cable is damaged, it must be replaced by qualified personnel.*

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*Do not connect three-phase E-pumps to a mains supply with a voltage between phase and earth of more than 440 V.*

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**Note**
*If a pump set up for automatic restart is stopped due to a fault, it will restart automatically when the fault has disappeared.*

However, automatic restart only applies to fault types set up to automatic restart. These faults could typically be one of these faults:
• temporary overload
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- sensor input, terminals 7 and 8
- GENibus, terminals B, Y and A.

All inputs (group 1) are internally separated from the mains-conducting parts by reinforced insulation and galvanically separated from other circuits.

All control terminals are supplied with protective extra-low voltage (PELV), thus ensuring protection against electric shock.

**Group 2: Output** (relay signal, terminals NC, C, NO)

The output (group 2) is galvanically separated from other circuits. Therefore, the supply voltage or protective extra-low voltage can be connected to the output as desired.

**Group 3: Mains supply** (terminals N, PE, L)
6.2 Electrical connection - three-phase pumps, 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)

Warning
The user or the installer is responsible for the installation of correct earthing and protection according to current national and local standards. All operations must be carried out by qualified personnel.

Warning
Never make any connections in the pump terminal box unless all electric supply circuits have been switched off for at least 5 minutes.
Note for instance that the signal relay may be connected to an external supply which is still connected when the mains supply is disconnected.

Warning
The surface of the terminal box may be above 158 °F (70 °C) when the pump is operating.

6.2.1 Preparation
Before connecting the E-pump to the mains, take the issues illustrated in the figure below into consideration.

![Fig. 5](image)

Fig. 5 Mains-connected pump with mains switch, backup fuses, additional protection and protective earthing

6.2.2 Protection against electric shock - indirect contact

Warning
The pump must be earthed in accordance with national regulations.
As the leakage current of 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW) motors is > 10 mA, take extra precautions when earthing these motors.

EN 61800-5-1 specifies that the pump must be stationary and installed permanently when the leakage current is > 10 mA.
One of the following requirements must be fulfilled:
• A single protective earth conductor having a cross-sectional area of min. 10 mm² copper.

![Fig. 6](image)

Fig. 6 Connection of a single protective earth conductor using one of the conductors of a 4-core mains cable (with cross-sectional area of min. 10 mm²)

• Two protective earth conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the mains conductors, with one conductor connected to an additional earth terminal in the terminal box.

![Fig. 7](image)

Fig. 7 Connection of two protective earth conductors using two of the conductors of a 5-core mains cable

Protective earth conductors must always have a yellow/green (PE) or yellow/green/blue (PEN) color marking.
6.2.3 Backup fuses
For recommended fuse sizes, see section 20.1 Supply voltage.

6.2.4 Additional protection
If the pump is connected to an electric installation where an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) is used as additional protection, the circuit breaker must be of a type marked with the following symbols:

This circuit breaker is type B.
The total leakage current of all the electrical equipment in the installation must be taken into account.
The leakage current of the motor in normal operation can be seen in section 21.3 Leakage current.
During start and at asymmetrical supply systems, the leakage current can be higher than normal and may cause the ELCB to trip.

6.2.5 Motor protection
The pump requires no external motor protection. The motor incorporates thermal protection against slow overloading and blocking (IEC 34-11, TP 211).

6.2.6 Protection against mains voltage transients
The pump is protected against mains voltage transients in accordance with EN 61800-3 and is capable of withstanding a VDE 0160 pulse.
The pump has a replaceable varistor which is part of the transient protection.
Over time this varistor will be worn and need to be replaced.
When the time for replacement has come, the R100 and PC Tool E-products will indicate this as a warning. See section 19. Maintenance and service.

6.2.7 Supply voltage and mains
3 x 460-480 V - 10 %/+ 10 %, 50/60 Hz, PE.
The supply voltage and frequency are marked on the pump nameplate. Make sure that the motor is suitable for the power supply of the installation site.
The wires in the terminal box must be as short as possible.
Excepted from this is the protective earth conductor which must be so long that it is the last one to be disconnected in case the cable is inadvertently pulled out of the cable entry.

Fig. 8 Mains connection
Cable glands
Cable glands comply with EN 50626.
• 1 x M40 cable gland, cable diameter ∅16-∅28
• 1 x M20 cable gland, cable diameter ∅9-∅17
• 2 x M16 cable gland, cable diameter ∅4-∅10
• 2 x M16 knock-out cable entries.

Warning
If the supply cable is damaged, it must be replaced by qualified personnel.

Grid types
Three-phase E-pumps can be connected to all grid types.

Warning
Do not connect three-phase E-pumps to a mains supply with a voltage between phase and earth of more than 440 V.

6.2.8 Start/stop of pump
The number of starts and stops via the mains voltage must not exceed 4 times per hour.
When the pump is switched on via the mains, it will start after approx. 5 seconds.
If a higher number of starts and stops is desired, use the input for external start/stop when starting/stopping the pump.
When the pump is switched on via an external on/off switch, it will start immediately.
6.2.9 Connections

If no external on/off switch is connected, connect terminals 2 and 3 using a short wire.

As a precaution, the wires to be connected to the following connection groups must be separated from each other by reinforced insulation in their entire lengths:

**Group 1: Inputs**
- start/stop, terminals 2 and 3
- digital input, terminals 1 and 9
- setpoint input, terminals 4, 5 and 6
- sensor input, terminals 7 and 8
- GENIbus, terminals B, Y and A.

All inputs (group 1) are internally separated from the mains-conducting parts by reinforced insulation and galvanically separated from other circuits.

All control terminals are supplied with protective extra-low voltage (PELV), thus ensuring protection against electric shock.

**Group 2: Output** (relay signal, terminals NC, C, NO)

The output (group 2) is galvanically separated from other circuits. Therefore, the supply voltage or protective extra-low voltage can be connected to the output as desired.

**Group 3: Mains supply** (terminals L1, L2, L3)

6.3 Signal cables

- Use screened cables with a cross-sectional area of min. 0.5 mm² and max. 1.5 mm² for external on/off switch, digital input, setpoint and sensor signals.
- Connect the screens of the cables to frame at both ends with good frame connection. The screens must be as close as possible to the terminals. See fig. 10.

![Fig. 10 Stripped cable with screen and wire connection](image)

- Always tighten screws for frame connections whether a cable is fitted or not.
- Make the wires in the pump terminal box as short as possible.

6.4 Bus connection cable

6.4.1 New installations

For the bus connection, use a screened 3-core cable with a cross-sectional area of min. 0.2 mm² and max. 1.5 mm².

- If the pump is connected to a unit with a cable clamp which is identical to the one on the pump, connect the screen to this cable clamp.
- If the unit has no cable clamp as shown in fig. 11, leave the screen unconnected at this end.

![Fig. 11 Connection with screened 3-core cable](image)

6.4.2 Replacing an existing pump

- If a screened 2-core cable is used in the existing installation, connect it as shown in fig. 12.

![Fig. 12 Connection with screened 2-core cable](image)

- If a screened 3-core cable is used in the existing installation, follow the instructions in section 6.4.1 New installations.
7. Modes
Grundfos E-pumps are set and controlled according to operating and control modes.

7.1 Overview of modes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating modes</th>
<th>Normal</th>
<th>Stop</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Control modes</td>
<td>Uncontrolled</td>
<td>Controlled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.2 Operating mode
When the operating mode is set to Normal, the control mode can be set to controlled or uncontrolled. See section 7.3 Control mode.

The other operating modes that can be selected are Stop, Min. or Max.
• Stop: The pump has been stopped.
• Min.: The pump is operating at its minimum speed.
• Max.: The pump is operating at its maximum speed.

Figure 13 is a schematic illustration of min. and max. curves.

Fig. 13 Min. and max. curves

The max. curve can for instance be used in connection with the venting procedure during installation.
The min. curve can be used in periods in which a minimum flow is required.
If the power supply to the pump is disconnected, the mode setting will be stored.
The remote control R100 offers additional possibilities of setting and status displays. See section 9. Setting by means of R100.

7.3 Control mode
The pump can be set to two primary control modes, i.e.
• proportional pressure and
• constant pressure.
Furthermore, the pump can be set to constant curve.

**Fig. 14 Controlled and uncontrolled operation**

**Proportional-pressure control:**
The pump head is reduced at falling water demand and increased at rising water demand. See fig. 14.

**Constant-pressure control:**
The pump maintains a constant pressure, irrespective of water demand. See fig. 14.

**Constant curve mode:**
The pump is not controlled. The curve can be set within the range from min. curve to max. curve. See fig. 14.
The pumps have been factory-set to proportional pressure. See section 7.4 Factory setting. In most cases, this is the optimum control mode, and at the same time it consumes the least energy.
7.3.1 Guide to the selection of control mode based on system type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System type</th>
<th>System description</th>
<th>Select this control mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relatively big pressure losses in the boiler, chiller or heat exchanger circuit and the pipes.</td>
<td>1. Two-pipe heating systems with thermostatic valves • with a dimensioned pump head higher than 13 ft. (4 meters) • very long distribution pipes • strongly throttled pipe balancing valves • differential pressure regulators • big pressure losses in those parts of the system through which the total quantity of water flows (e.g. boiler, chiller, heat exchanger and pipes up to the first branching).</td>
<td>Proportional pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Primary circuit pumps in systems with big pressure losses in the primary circuit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relatively small pressure losses in the boiler, chiller or heat exchanger circuit and the pipes.</td>
<td>1. Two-pipe heating or cooling systems with thermostatic valves • with a dimensioned pump head lower than 7 ft. (2 meters) • dimensioned for natural circulation • with small head losses in those parts of the system through which the total quantity of water flows (e.g. boiler, chiller, heat exchanger and pipes up to the first branching) • modified to a high differential temperature between flow pipe and return pipe (e.g. district heating).</td>
<td>Constant pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Floor heating systems with thermostatic valves.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. One-pipe heating systems with thermostatic valves or pipe balancing valves.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Primary circuit pumps in systems with small pressure losses in the primary circuit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.4 Factory setting

CRE-DP:
The pumps have been factory-set to proportional pressure.
The head corresponds to 50 % of the maximum pump head (see data sheet for the pump).
Many systems will operate satisfactorily with the factory setting, but most systems can be optimized by changing this setting.
In sections 9.1 Menu OPERATION and 9.3 Menu INSTALLATION, the factory setting is marked with **bold**-faced type under each individual display.
8. Setting by means of control panel, three-phase pumps

**Warning**

*At high system temperatures, the pump may be so hot that only the buttons should be touched to avoid burns.*

The pump control panel incorporates the following buttons and indicator lights:

- Buttons, \( \square \) and \( \triangle \), for setpoint setting.
- Light fields, yellow, for indication of setpoint.
- Indicator lights, green (operation) and red (fault).

![Control panel, three-phase pumps](image1)

**Fig. 15** Control panel, three-phase pumps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pos.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 and 2</td>
<td>Buttons for setting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 3 and 5 | Light fields for indication of
| | • control mode (pos. 3)
| | • head, performance and operating mode (pos. 5). |
| 4 | Indicator lights for indication of
| | • operation and fault
| | • external control (EXT). |

### 8.1 Setting of control mode

Description of function, see section 7.3 Control mode.

Change the control mode by pressing \( \square \) (pos. 2) according to the following cycle:

- constant pressure, \( \square \).
- proportional pressure, \( \triangle \).

![Diagram](image2)

**Fig. 18** Max. curve duty

### 8.2 Setting of pump head

Set the pump head by pressing the button \( \square \) or \( \triangle \).

The light fields on the control panel will indicate the head set (setpoint). See the following examples.

#### Proportional pressure

Figure 16 shows that the light fields 5 and 6 are activated, indicating a desired head of 34 psi at maximum flow. The setting range lies between 25 % to 90 % of maximum head.

![Diagram](image3)

**Fig. 16** Pump in control mode proportional pressure

#### Constant pressure

Figure 17 shows that the light fields 5 and 6 are activated, indicating a desired head of 34 psi. The setting range lies between 1/8 (12.5 %) of maximum head and maximum head.

![Diagram](image4)

**Fig. 17** Pump in control mode constant-pressure

### 8.3 Setting to max. curve duty

Press \( \square \) continuously to change to the max. curve of the pump (MAX illuminates). See fig. 18.

To change back, press \( \triangle \) continuously until the desired head is indicated.

![Diagram](image5)

**Fig. 18** Max. curve duty
8.4 Setting to min. curve duty
Press \( \oplus \) continuously to change to the min. curve of the pump (MIN illuminates). See fig. 19.
To change back, press \( \oplus \) continuously until the desired head is indicated.

![Fig. 19 Min. curve duty](image1)

8.5 Start/stop of pump
Start the pump by continuously pressing \( \oplus \) until the desired head is indicated.
Stop the pump by continuously pressing \( \oplus \) until STOP illuminates and the green indicator light flashes.

9. Setting by means of R100
The pump is designed for wireless communication with the Grundfos remote control R100.

![Fig. 20 R100 communicating with the pump via infra-red light](image2)

During communication, the R100 must be pointed at the control panel. When the R100 communicates with the pump, the red indicator light will flash rapidly. Keep pointing the R100 at the control panel until the red LED diode stops flashing.
The R100 offers setting and status displays for the pump.
The displays are divided into four parallel menus, see fig. 20:
0. GENERAL (see operating instructions for the R100)
1. OPERATION
2. STATUS
3. INSTALLATION
The figure above each individual display in fig. 20 refers to the section in which the display is described.
(1) This display only appears for pumps up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW).
(2) This display only appears for three-phase pumps, 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW).
9.1 Menu OPERATION

The first display in this menu is this:

### 9.1.1 Setpoint

- Setpoint set
- Actual setpoint
- Actual value

Set the desired setpoint in [m] in this display.

In control mode **proportional pressure**, the setting range is from 1/4 to 3/4 of maximum head.

In control mode **constant pressure**, the setting range is from 1/8 of maximum head to maximum head.

In control mode **constant curve**, the setpoint is set in % of the maximum curve. The curve can be set within the range from min. curve to max. curve.

Select one of the following operating modes:
- Stop
- Min. (min. curve)
- Max. (max. curve).

If the pump is connected to an external setpoint signal, the value in this display will be the maximum value of the external setpoint signal. See section **13. External setpoint signal**.

#### Setpoint and external signal

The setpoint cannot be set if the pump is controlled via external signals (Stop, Min. curve or Max. curve). The R100 will give this warning: **External control!**

Check if the pump is stopped via terminals 2-3 (open circuit) or set to min. or max. via terminals 1-3 (closed circuit).

See section **11. Priority of settings**.

#### Setpoint and bus communication

The setpoint cannot be set either if the pump is controlled from an external control system via bus communication. The R100 will give this warning: **Bus control!**

To override bus communication, disconnect the bus connection.

See section **11. Priority of settings**.

### 9.1.2 Operating mode

Select one of the following operating modes:
- **Normal** (duty)
- Stop
- Min.
- Max.

The operating modes can be selected without changing the setpoint setting.

### 9.1.3 Fault indications

In E-pumps, faults may result in two types of indication: alarm or warning.

An "alarm" fault will activate an alarm indication in the R100 and cause the pump to change operating mode, typically to stop. However, for some faults resulting in alarm, the pump is set to continue operating even if there is an alarm.

A "warning" fault will activate a warning indication in the R100, but the pump will not change operating or control mode.

#### Note

The indication "Warning" only applies to three-phase pumps.

### Alarm

In case of alarm, the cause will appear in this display.

Possible causes:
- No alarm indication
- Too high motor temperature
- Undervoltage
- Mains voltage asymmetry 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)
- Overvoltage
- Too many restarts (after faults)
- Overload
- Underload 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)
- Sensor signal outside signal range
- Setpoint signal outside signal range
- External fault
- Other fault.

If the pump has been set up to manual restart, an alarm indication can be reset in this display if the cause of the fault has disappeared.

### Warning (only three-phase pumps)

In case of warning, the cause will appear in this display.

Possible causes:
- No warning indication
- Sensor signal outside signal range
- Relubricate motor bearings [only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)], see section **19.2 Relubrication of motor bearings**
- Replace motor bearings, see section **19.3 Replacement of motor bearings**
- Replace varistor [only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)], see section **19.4 Replacement of varistor [only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]**.

A warning indication will disappear automatically once the fault has been remedied.
9.1.4 Fault log
For both fault types, alarm and warning, the R100 has a log function.

**Alarm log**

In case of “alarm” faults, the last five alarm indications will appear in the alarm log. “Alarm log 1” shows the latest fault, “Alarm log 2” shows the latest fault but one, etc.

The example above gives this information:
- the alarm indication **Undervoltage**
- the fault code (73)
- the number of minutes the pump has been connected to the power supply after the fault occurred, 8 min.

**Warning log (only three-phase pumps)**

In case of “warning” faults, the last five warning indications will appear in the warning log. “Warning log 1” shows the latest fault, “Warning log 2” shows the latest fault but one.

The example above gives this information:
- the warning indication **Relubricate motor bearings**
- the fault code (240)
- the number of minutes the pump has been connected to the power supply since the fault occurred, 30 min.

9.2 Menu STATUS
The displays appearing in this menu are status displays only. It is not possible to change or set values.

The displayed values are the values that applied when the last communication between the pump and the R100 took place. If a status value is to be updated, point the R100 at the control panel and press “OK”.

If a parameter, e.g. speed, should be called up continuously, press “OK” constantly during the period in which the parameter in question should be monitored.

The tolerance of the displayed value is stated under each display. The tolerances are stated as a guide in % of the maximum values of the parameters.

9.2.1 Actual setpoint

Tolerance: ± 2 %

This display shows the actual setpoint and the external setpoint in % of the range from minimum value to the setpoint set.

See section 13. External setpoint signal.

9.2.2 Operating mode

This display shows the actual operating mode (Normal (duty), Stop, Min. or Max.). Furthermore, it shows where this operating mode was selected (R100, Pump, Bus or External).

9.2.3 Actual value

This display shows the value actually measured by a connected sensor.
9.2.4 Speed

Tolerance: ± 5 %
The actual pump speed will appear in this display.

9.2.5 Power input and power consumption

Tolerance: ± 10 %
This display shows the actual pump input power from the mains supply. The power is displayed in W or kW.
The pump power consumption can also be read from this display.
The value of power consumption is an accumulated value calculated from the pump's birth and it cannot be reset.

9.2.6 Operating hours

Tolerance: ± 2 %
The value of operating hours is an accumulated value and cannot be reset.

9.2.7 Lubrication status of motor bearings
[only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]

This display shows how many times the motor bearings have been relubricated and when to replace the motor bearings.
When the motor bearings have been relubricated, confirm this action in the INSTALLATION menu. See section 9.3.8 Confirming relubrication/replacement of motor bearings (only three-phase pumps). When relubrication is confirmed, the figure in the above display will be increased by one.

9.2.8 Time till relubrication of motor bearings
[only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]

This display shows when to relubricate the motor bearings. The controller monitors the operating pattern of the pump and calculates the period between bearing relubrications. If the operating pattern changes, the calculated time till relubrication may change as well.
The displayable values are these:
• in 2 years
• in 1 year
• in 6 months
• in 3 months
• in 1 month
• in 1 week
• Now!

9.2.9 Time till replacement of motor bearings
(only three-phase pumps)

When the motor bearings have been relubricated, a prescribed number of times stored in the controller, the display in section 9.2.8 Time till relubrication of motor bearings [only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)] will be replaced by the display below.

This display shows when to replace the motor bearings. The controller monitors the operating pattern of the pump and calculates the period between bearing replacements.
The displayable values are these:
• in 2 years
• in 1 year
• in 6 months
• in 3 months
• in 1 month
• in 1 week
• Now!
9.3 Menu INSTALLATION

9.3.1 Control mode

Select one of the following control modes (see fig. 14):

- Prop. pressure (proportional pressure)
- Const. pressure (constant pressure)
- Const. curve (constant curve).

How to set the desired performance, see section 9.1.1 Setpoint.

If the pump is connected to a bus, the control mode cannot be selected via the R100.

9.3.2 External setpoint

The input for external setpoint signal can be set to different signal types.
Select one of the following types:

- 0-10 V
- 0-20 mA
- 4-20 mA
- Not active.

If Not active is selected, the setpoint set by means of the R100 or on the control panel will apply.
If one of the signal types is selected, the actual setpoint is influenced by the signal connected to the external setpoint input. See 13. External setpoint signal.

9.3.3 Signal relay

Pumps up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW) have one signal relay. The factory setting of the relay will be Fault.
Pumps of 15 Hp (11-22 kW) have two signal relays. Signal relay 1 is factory-set to Alarm and signal relay 2 to Warning.
In one of the displays below, select in which operating situation the signal relay should be activated.
For further information, see section 16. Indicator lights and signal relay.

Fault and Alarm cover faults resulting in Alarm.
Warning covers faults resulting in Warning.
Relubricate covers only that one individual event. For distinction between alarm and warning, see section 9.1.3 Fault indications.

For further information, see section 16. Indicator lights and signal relay.
9.3.4 Buttons on pump

The operating buttons ◊ and ◊ on the control panel can be set to these values:
- **Active**
- **Not active**.

When set to **Not active** (locked), the buttons do not function.
Set the buttons to **Not active** if the pump should be controlled via an external control system.

9.3.5 Pump number

A number between 1 and 64 can be allocated to the pump. In the case of bus communication, a number must be allocated to each pump.

9.3.6 Digital input

The digital input of the pump (terminal 1, figs 9, 4 and 9) can be set to different functions.
Select one of the following functions:
- **Min.** (min. curve)
- **Max.** (max. curve).

The selected function is activated by closing the contact between terminals 1 and 9 (figs 4 and 9).
See also section **12.2 Digital input**.

**Min.**:
When the input is activated, the pump is operating according to the min. curve.

**Max.**:
When the input is activated, the pump is operating according to the max. curve.

9.3.7 Motor bearing monitoring (only three-phase pumps)

The motor bearing monitoring function can be set to these values:
- **Active**
- **Not active**.

When the function is set to **Active**, a counter in the controller will start counting the mileage of the bearings. See section **9.2.7 Lubrication status of motor bearings [only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]**.

The counter will continue counting even if the function is switched to **Not active**, but a warning will not be given when it is time for relubrication.

When the function is switched to **Active** again, the accumulated mileage will again be used to calculate the relubrication time.

9.3.8 Confirming relubrication/replacement of motor bearings (only three-phase pumps)

This function can be set to these values:
- **Relubricated** [only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]
- **Replaced**
- **Nothing done**.

When the bearing monitoring function is **Active**, the controller will give a warning indication when the motor bearings are due to be relubricated or replaced. See section **9.1.3 Fault indications**.

When the motor bearings have been relubricated or replaced, confirm this action in the above display by pressing "OK".

**Note**
Relubricated cannot be selected for a period of time after confirming relubrication.

9.3.9 Standstill heating (only three-phase pumps)

The standstill heating function can be set to these values:
- **Active**
- **Not active**.

When the function is set to **Active**, a low voltage will be applied to the motor windings. The applied voltage will ensure that sufficient heat is generated to avoid condensation in the motor.
10. Setting by means of PC Tool E-products

Special setup requirements differing from the settings available via the R100 require the use of Grundfos PC Tool E-products. This again requires the assistance of a Grundfos service technician or engineer. Contact your local Grundfos company for more information.

11. Priority of settings

The priority of settings depends on two factors:
1. control source
2. settings.

1. Control source

- Control panel
- R100
- External signals (external setpoint signal, digital inputs, etc.)
- Communication from another control system via bus

2. Settings

- Operating mode Stop
- Operating mode Max. (max. curve)
- Operating mode Min. (min. curve)
- Setpoint setting.

An E-pump can be controlled by different control sources at the same time, and each of these sources can be set differently. Consequently, it is necessary to set an order of priority of the control sources and the settings.

If two or more settings are activated at the same time, the pump will operate according to the function with the highest priority.

Priority of settings without bus communication

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Control panel or R100</th>
<th>External signals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>Min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Setpoint setting</td>
<td>Setpoint setting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: If the E-pump has been set to operating mode Max. (max. frequency) via an external signal, such as digital input, the control panel or R100 can only set the E-pump to operating mode Stop.

Priority of settings with bus communication

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Control panel or R100</th>
<th>External signals</th>
<th>Bus communication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Setpoint setting</td>
<td>Setpoint setting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: If the E-pump has been set to operating mode Max. via bus communication, the control panel or R100 can set the E-pump to operating mode Stop.

12. External forced-control signals

The pump has inputs for external signals for the forced-control functions:
- Start/stop of pump.
- Digital function.

12.1 Start/stop input

Functional diagram: Start/stop input

Start/stop (terminals 2 and 3)

Normal duty

Stop

12.2 Digital input

By means of the R100, one of the following functions can be selected for the digital input:
- Min. curve
- Max. curve.

Functional diagram: Input for digital function

Digital function (terminals 1 and 9)

Normal duty

Min. curve

Max. curve
13. External setpoint signal

The setpoint can be remote-set by connecting an analogue signal transmitter to the input for the setpoint signal (terminal 4).

![Setpoint diagram](image1)

Select the actual external signal, 0-10 V, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, via the R100. See section 9.3.2 External setpoint.

### Control mode controlled

If control mode controlled, see control hierarchy in section 7.1 Overview of modes, is selected by means of the R100, the pump can be controlled to:

- proportional pressure
- constant pressure.

In control mode *proportional pressure*, the setpoint can be set externally within the range from 25 % of maximum head to the setpoint set on the pump or by means of the R100. See fig. 22.

**Example:** At a maximum head of 12 meters, a setpoint of 6 meters and an external setpoint of 80 %, the actual setpoint will be as follows:

\[
H_{\text{actual}} = (H_{\text{set}} - 1/8 H_{\text{max}}) \times \%\text{external setpoint} + 1/8 H_{\text{max}}
\]

\[
= (6 - 12/8) \times 80 \% + 12/8
\]

\[
= 5.1 \text{ meters}
\]

### Control mode uncontrolled

If control mode uncontrolled, see control hierarchy in section 7.1 Overview of modes, is selected by means of the R100, the pump is controlled to a constant curve and can be controlled by any (external) controller.

In control mode *constant curve*, the setpoint can be set externally within the range from the min. curve to the setpoint set on the pump or by means of the R100. See fig. 24.

**Example:** At a maximum head of 12 meters, a setpoint of 6 meters and an external setpoint of 40 %, the actual setpoint will be as follows:

\[
H_{\text{actual}} = (H_{\text{set}} - 1/4 H_{\text{max}}) \times \%\text{external setpoint} + 1/4 H_{\text{max}}
\]

\[
= (6 - 12/4) \times 40 \% + 12/4
\]

\[
= 4.2 \text{ meters}
\]
14. Bus signal
The pump supports serial communication via an RS-485 input. The communication is carried out according to the Grundfos bus protocol, GENIbus protocol, and enables connection to a building management system or another external control system. Operating parameters, such as setpoint, operating mode, etc. can be remote-set via the bus signal. At the same time, the pump can provide status information about important parameters, such as actual value of control parameter, input power, fault indications, etc.

Contact Grundfos for further details.

Note If a bus signal is used, the number of settings available via the R100 will be reduced.

15. Other bus standards
Grundfos offers various bus solutions with communication according to other standards.
Contact Grundfos for further details.

16. Indicator lights and signal relay
The operating condition of the pump is indicated by the green and red indicator lights fitted on the pump control panel and inside the terminal box. See figs 25 and 26.

Fig. 25 Position of indicator lights on single-phase pumps

Fig. 26 Position of indicator lights on three-phase pumps
Besides, the pump incorporates an output for a potential-free signal via an internal relay.

For signal relay output values, see section 9.3.3 Signal relay.

The functions of the two indicator lights and the signal relay are as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator lights</th>
<th>Signal relay activated during:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fault (red)</strong></td>
<td>Fault/Alarm, Warning and Relubricate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operation (green)</strong></td>
<td>Operating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Permanently on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Flashing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanently on</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanently on</td>
<td>Permanently on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanently on</td>
<td>Flashing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Resetting of fault indication**

A fault indication can be reset in one of the following ways:

- Briefly press the button  or  on the pump. This will not change the setting of the pump.
- A fault indication cannot be reset by means of  or  if the buttons have been locked.
- Switch off the power supply until the indicator lights are off.
- Switch the external start/stop input off and then on again.
- Use the R100. See section 9.1.3 Fault indications.

When the R100 communicates with the pump, the red indicator light will flash rapidly.
17. Insulation resistance

**Up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW)**
Do not measure the insulation resistance of motor windings or an installation incorporating E-pumps using high voltage megging equipment, as this may damage the built-in electronics.

**15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)**
Do not measure the insulation resistance of an installation incorporating E-pumps using high voltage megging equipment, as this may damage the built-in electronics.

The motor conductors can be disconnected separately and the insulation resistance of the motor windings can be tested.

18. Emergency operation
[only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]

**Warning**
Never make any connections in the pump terminal box unless all electric supply circuits have been switched off for at least 5 minutes. Note for instance that the signal relay may be connected to an external supply which is still connected when the mains supply is disconnected.

If the pump has stopped and it does not restart after you have gone through normal remedies, the reason could be a faulty frequency converter. If this is the case, it is possible to establish emergency operation of the pump.

But before you change to emergency operation, we recommend you to check these points:
- Check that the mains supply is OK.
- Check that control signals are working (start/stop signals).
- Check that all alarms have been reset.
- Make a resistance test on the motor windings (disconnect the motor conductors from the terminal box).

If the pump still does not start, the frequency converter is faulty. To establish emergency operation, proceed as follows:

1. Disconnect the three mains conductors, L1, L2, L3, from the terminal box, but leave the protective earth conductor(s) in position on the PE terminal(s).

2. Disconnect the motor supply conductors, U/W1, V/U1, W/V1, from the terminal box.

3. Connect the conductors as shown in fig. 29.

Us e the screws from the mains terminals and the nuts from the motor terminals.

**Caution**
Up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW)
Do not measure the insulation resistance of motor windings or an installation incorporating E-pumps using high voltage megging equipment, as this may damage the built-in electronics.

**Caution**
15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)
Do not measure the insulation resistance of an installation incorporating E-pumps using high voltage megging equipment, as this may damage the built-in electronics.
4. Insulate the three conductors from each other by means of insulating tape or the like.

Fig. 31 Insulating the conductors

Fig. 32 Insulated conductors

19. Maintenance and service

19.1 Cleaning of the motor

Keep the motor cooling fins and fan blades clean to ensure sufficient cooling of the motor and electronics.

19.2 Relubrication of motor bearings

Pumps up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW)

The motor bearings are of the closed type and greased for life. The bearings cannot be relubricated.

Pumps of 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)

The motor bearings are of the open type and must be relubricated regularly. The motor bearings are pre-lubricated on delivery. The built-in bearing monitoring function will give a warning indication on the R100 when the motor bearings are due to be relubricated.

Before relubrication, remove the bottom plug in the motor flange and the plug in the bearing cover to ensure that old and excess grease can escape.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame size</th>
<th>Quantity of grease [ml]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Drive end (DE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MLE 160</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MLE 180</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When relubricating the first time, use the double quantity of grease as the lubricating channel is still empty. The recommended grease type is a polycarbamide-based lubricating grease.

19.3 Replacement of motor bearings

Three-phase motors have built-in bearing monitoring function which will give a warning indication on the R100 when the motor bearings are due to be replaced.

19.4 Replacement of varistor

[only 15-30 Hp (11-22 kW)]

The varistor protects the pump against mains voltage transients. If voltage transients occur, the varistor will be worn over time and need to be replaced. The more transients, the more quickly the varistor will be worn. When it is time to replace the varistor, R100 and PC Tool E-products will indicate this as a warning.

A Grundfos technician is required for replacement of the varistor. Contact your local Grundfos company for assistance.

19.5 Service parts and service kits

For further information on service parts and service kits, visit www.grundfos.com, select country, select WebCAPS.
20. Technical data - three-phase pumps up to 10 Hp (7.5 kW)

20.1 Supply voltage
3 x 460-480 V - 10 %/+ 10 %, 50/60 Hz - 2 %/+ 2 %, PE.
Cable: Max. 10 mm² / 8 AWG.
Use min. [158 °F (70 °C)] copper conductors only.

Recommended fuse sizes
Motor sizes from .75 to 7.5 Hp (0.55 to 5.5 kW): Max. 16 A.
Motor size 10 Hp (7.5 kW): Max. 32 A.
Standard as well as quick-blow or slow-blow fuses may be used.

20.2 Overload protection
The overload protection of the E-motor has the same characteristic as an ordinary motor protector. As an example, the E-motor can stand an overload of 110 % of I_nom for 1 min.

20.3 Leakage current

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor size [Hp (kW)]</th>
<th>Leakage current [mA]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-3 Hp (0.55 to 3.0)</td>
<td>&lt; 3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>supply voltage &lt; 460 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-3 Hp (0.55 to 3.0)</td>
<td>&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>supply voltage &gt; 460 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 7.5 Hp (4.0 to 5.5)</td>
<td>&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Hp (7.5)</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The leakage currents are measured in accordance with EN 61800-5-1.

20.4 Inputs/output

Start/stop
External potential-free switch.
Voltage: 5 VDC.
Current: < 5 mA.
Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.

Digital
External potential-free switch.
Voltage: 5 VDC.
Current: < 5 mA.
Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.

Setpoint signals
- Potentiometer
  0-10 VDC, 10 kΩ (via internal voltage supply).
  Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
  Maximum cable length: 328 ft. (100 m).
- Voltage signal
  0-10 VDC, R_i > 50 kΩ.
  Tolerance: + 0 %/- 3 % at maximum voltage signal.
  Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
  Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).
- Current signal
  DC 0-20 mA/4-20 mA, R_i = 175 Ω.
  Tolerance: + 0 %/- 3 % at maximum current signal.
  Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
  Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).

Signal relay output
Potential-free changeover contact.
Maximum contact load: 250 VAC, 2 A, cos φ 0.3 - 1.
Minimum contact load: 5 VDC, 10 mA.
Screened cable: 0.5 - 2.5 mm² / 28-12 AWG.
Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).

Bus input
Grundfos bus protocol, GENibus protocol, RS-485.
Screened 3-core cable: 0.2 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).


21.1 Supply voltage
3 x 460-480 V - 10 %/+ 10 %, 50/60 Hz - 3 %/+ 3 %, PE.
Cable: Max. 10 mm² / 8 AWG.
Use min. 158 °F (70 °C) copper conductors only.

Recommended fuse sizes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor size [Hp (kW)]</th>
<th>Max. [A]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-pole</td>
<td>4-pole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 (11)</td>
<td>15 (11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 (15)</td>
<td>20 (15)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 (18.5)</td>
<td>25 (18.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 (22)</td>
<td>30 (22)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Standard as well as quick-blow or slow-blow fuses may be used.

21.2 Overload protection
The overload protection of the E-motor has the same characteristic as an ordinary motor protector. As an example, the E-motor can stand an overload of 110 % of I_nom for 1 min.

21.3 Leakage current
Earth leakage current > 10 mA.
The leakage currents are measured in accordance with EN 61800-5-1.
21.4 Inputs/output

Start/stop
External potential-free switch.
Voltage: 5 VDC.
Current: < 5 mA.
Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.

Digital
External potential-free switch.
Voltage: 5 VDC.
Current: < 5 mA.
Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.

Setpoint signals
• Potentiometer
  0-10 VDC, 10 kΩ (via internal voltage supply).
  Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
  Maximum cable length: 328 ft. (100 m).
• Voltage signal
  0-10 VDC, R_i > 50 kΩ.
  Tolerance: ± 0.3 % at maximum voltage signal.
  Screened cable: 0.5 - 2.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
  Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).
• Current signal
  DC 0-20 mA/4-20 mA, R_i = 250 Ω.
  Tolerance: ± 0.3 % at maximum current signal.
  Screened cable: 0.5 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
  Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).

Signal relay output
Potential-free changeover contact.
Maximum contact load: 250 VAC, 2 A, cos φ 0.3 - 1.
Minimum contact load: 5 VDC, 10 mA.
Screened cable: 0.5 - 2.5 mm² / 28-12 AWG.
Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).

Bus input
Grundfos bus protocol, GENbus protocol, RS-485.
Screened 3-core cable: 0.2 - 1.5 mm² / 28-16 AWG.
Maximum cable length: 1640 ft. (500 m).

22. Other technical data

EMC (electromagnetic compatibility to EN 61800-3)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor [Hp (kW)]</th>
<th>Emission/immunity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-pole 4-pole</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- 0.16 (0.12)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.13 (0.17) 0.24 (0.18)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.33 (0.25) 0.33 (0.25)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.50 (0.37) 0.50 (0.37)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.73 (0.55) 0.73 (0.55)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 (0.75) 1 (0.75)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.47 (1.1) 1.47 (1.1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (1.5) 2 (1.5)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (2.2) 3 (2.2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (3.0) 4 (3.0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (4.0) 5 (4.0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5 (5.5) -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (7.5) -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Emission: Motors may be installed in **residential areas** (first environment), unrestricted distribution, corresponding to CISPR11, group 1, class B.

Immunity: Motors fulfil the requirements for both the first and second environment.

Motor sizes 15-30 Hp (11, 18.5 and 22 kW) comply with EN 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power at the interface point between the user’s electrical installation and the public power supply network is greater than or equal to the values stated below.

It is the responsibility of the installer or user to ensure, by consultation with the power supply network operator, if necessary, that the motor is connected to a power supply with a short-circuit power greater than or equal to these values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor size [Hp (kW)]</th>
<th>Short-circuit power [kVA]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15 (11)</td>
<td>1500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 (15)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 (18.5)</td>
<td>2700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 (22)</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: 20 Hp (15 kW) motors do not comply with EN 61000-3-12.

By installing an appropriate harmonic filter between the motor and the power supply, the harmonic current content will be reduced. In this way the 20 Hp 20 Hp (15 kW) motor will comply with EN 61000-3-12.

Immunity: The motors fulfil the requirements for both the first and second environment.

Contact Grundfos for further information.
**Enclosure class**
- Three-phase pumps, 0.75-10 Hp (0.55 - 7.5 kW): IP55 (IEC 34-5).

**Insulation class**
- F (IEC 85).

**Ambient temperature**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>During operation</td>
<td>14 °F (-10 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max. 104 °F (+40 °C), without derating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>During storage/transport</td>
<td>-22 °F to +140 °F (-30 °C to +60 °C) up to 10 HP (7.5 kW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-13 °F to 158 °F (25 °C to +70 °C), 15 -30 Hp (11-22 kW)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Relative air humidity**
- Maximum 95 %.

**Sound pressure level**

- **Single-phase pumps:** < 70 dB(A).
- **Three-phase pumps:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor [Hp (kW)]</th>
<th>Speed stated on nameplate [min⁻¹]</th>
<th>Sound pressure level [dB(A)]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-pole</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5 (1.1)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (1.5)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (2.2)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (4.0)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5 (5.5)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (7.5)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 (11)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 (15)</td>
<td>2800-3000</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3400-3600</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

23. **Disposal**

This product or parts of it must be disposed of in an environmentally sound way:

1. Use the public or private waste collection service.
2. If this is not possible, contact the nearest Grundfos company or service workshop.

Subject to alterations.
1. Installation in the USA and Canada

In order to maintain the UL/cURus approval, follow these additional installation instructions. The UL approval is according to UL508C.

1.1 Electrical connection

1.1.1 Conductors
Use 140/167 °F (60/75 °C) copper conductors only.

1.1.2 Torques

Power terminals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor size [kW]</th>
<th>Thread size</th>
<th>Torque [Nm]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Up to 10 Hp</td>
<td>M4</td>
<td>2.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-30 Hp</td>
<td>M4</td>
<td>Min. 2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Max. 2.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Relay, M2.5: 0.5 Nm.
Input control, M2: 0.2 Nm.

1.1.3 Line reactors
Max line reactor size must not exceed 2 mH.

1.1.4 Fuse size/circuit breaker
If a short circuit happens the pump can be used on a mains supply delivering not more than 5000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 600 V maximum.

Fuses
When the pump is protected by fuses they must be rated for 480 V. Maximum sizes are stated in table below.
Motors up to and including 7.5 kW require class K5 UL-listed fuses. Any UL-listed fuse can be used for motors from 11 to 22 kW.

Circuit breaker
When the pump is protected by a circuit breaker this must be rated for a maximum voltage of 480 V. The circuit breaker must be of the "Inverse time" type.
The interrupting rating (RMS symmetrical amperes) must not be less than the values stated in table below.

USA - Hp

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2-pole</th>
<th>4-pole</th>
<th>Fuse size</th>
<th>Circuit breaker type / model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>25 A</td>
<td>25 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>25 A</td>
<td>25 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>25 A</td>
<td>25 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>25 A</td>
<td>25 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>40 A</td>
<td>40 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 A</td>
<td>40 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>50 A</td>
<td>50 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>80 A</td>
<td>80 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>110 A</td>
<td>110 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>125 A</td>
<td>125 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td></td>
<td>150 A</td>
<td>150 A / Inverse time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.1.5 Overload protection
Degree of overload protection provided internally by the drive, in percent of full-load current: 102 %.

1.2 General considerations

For installation in humid environment and fluctuating temperatures, it is recommended to keep the pump connected to the power supply continuously. This will prevent moisture and condensation build-up in the terminal box.

Start and stop must be done via the start/stop digital input (terminal 2-3).

Subject to alterations.